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Reg. No.

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I Semester M.C.A. Degree Examination, May/June - 2025
COMPUTER APPLICATIONS
Discrete Mathematics
(CBCS Scheme Y2 K21)
Paper : 1MCA2

Time : 3 Hours**Maximum Marks : 70****Instructions to Candidates :**

- 1) Answer any Five questions from Part - A.
- 2) Answer any Four questions from Part B.

**PART - A**

Answer any Five questions. Each question carries Six marks. (5×6=30)

1. a) Determine the sets A and B given that $A - B = \{1, 3, 7, 11\}$, $B - A = \{2, 6, 8\}$, $A \cap B = \{4, 9\}$.
b) For any three sets A, B and C Prove that $A \cup (B \cap C) = (A \cup B) \cap (A \cup C)$. (3+3)
2. Let $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 6\}$. Define a relation R on set A defined by $R = \{9a, b\} : a, b \in a \leq b\}$.
 - i) Write down elements of R
 - ii) Matrix representation of R and
 - iii) Digraph of R
3. Prove by mathematical Induction that $1.2+2.3+3.4+\dots+n(n+1)=$
4. Prove that the proposition $[p \rightarrow (q \rightarrow r)] \leftrightarrow [(p \rightarrow q) \rightarrow (p \rightarrow r)]$ is a tautology.
5. State and Prove Extended Pigeonhole principle.

[P.T.O.]



6. If $P(A)=6/11$, $P(B)=5/11$ and $P(A \cup B)=7/11$ then find

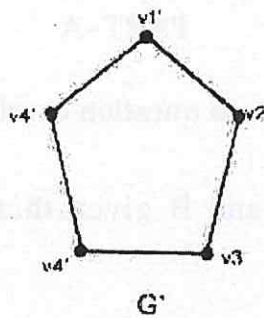
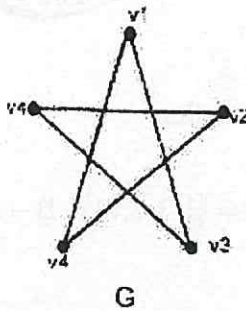
i) $P(A \cap B)$

ii) $P(A/B)$

iii) $P(B/A)$

7. Explain different tree traversals with examples.

8. Examine the following graphs are isomorphic or not.



PART - B

Answer any Four questions. Each question carries Ten marks.

(4×10=40)

9. a) Using Venn diagram prove that $A \Delta (B \Delta C) = (A \Delta B) \Delta C$.

b) In a class consisting of 120 students, 30 are studying C++, 40 are studying python and 45 are studying java, 15 studying both C++ and python, 20 studying both python and java, 12 studying both C++ and java, 8 are studying all the three. How many do not take any of these subjects? How many take only one language? (4+6)

10. a) Let $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 12\}$ a relation R defined on A by aRb if and only if "a divides b". Prove that R is a partial order on A . Draw the Hasse diagram for this relation.



b) Find the middle terms in the expansion $\left(\frac{x}{3} + 9y\right)^{10}$ (5+5)

11. a) Let $f : X \rightarrow Y$ be a function defined as $f(x) = 4x + 3$, where Y is range of f. Show that f is invertible. Find the inverse of f.

b) A committee of eight is to be formed from 16 men and 10 women. In how many ways can the committee be formed if.

i) There must be 4 men and 4 women

ii) There should be an even number of women (5+5)

12. a) Show that $[p \rightarrow (q \wedge r)] \equiv [(p \rightarrow q) \wedge (p \rightarrow r)]$

b) Show that the following argument is valid

$$\sim r \rightarrow (s \rightarrow \sim t)$$

$$\sim r \vee w$$

$$\sim p \rightarrow s$$

$$\sim w$$

$$t \rightarrow p$$

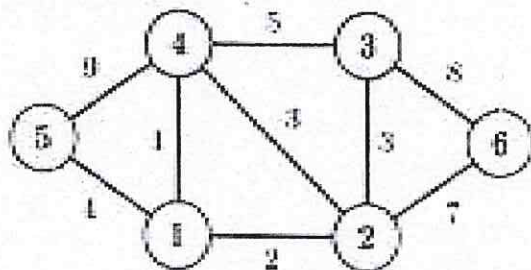
(5+5)

13. a) A sequence $\{a_n\}$ is defined recursively by $a_1=4$, $a_n=a_{n-1}+n$ for $n \geq 2$ find, an in the explicit form.

b) Let a pair of dice be thrown and the random variable be the sum of the numbers that appear on the two dice. Find the mean, variance and standard deviation of X. (5+5)

14. a) Define Euler and Hamiltonian graph. Give an example of a graph which is Hamiltonian but not Eulerian vice versa.

b) Find the minimum cost spanning tree by Kruskal' algorithm. (5+5)



$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

11. (a) Let V be a vector space over \mathbb{R} with a bilinear form B on V . Suppose B is symmetric and $B(v, v) = 0$ for all $v \in V$. Show that B is identically zero.
- (b) Let V be a vector space over \mathbb{R} with a bilinear form B on V . Suppose B is symmetric and $B(v, v) = 0$ for all $v \in V$. Show that B is identically zero.
- (c) Let V be a vector space over \mathbb{R} with a bilinear form B on V . Suppose B is symmetric and $B(v, v) = 0$ for all $v \in V$. Show that B is identically zero.

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- (b) Let V be a vector space over \mathbb{R} with a bilinear form B on V . Suppose B is symmetric and $B(v, v) = 0$ for all $v \in V$. Show that B is identically zero.

13. (a) Let X be a metric space. Show that X is compact if and only if X is sequentially compact.
- (b) Let X be a metric space. Show that X is compact if and only if X is sequentially compact.

14. (a) Let G be a graph with n vertices and m edges. Show that G is a tree if and only if $m = n - 1$ and G is connected.
- (b) Let G be a graph with n vertices and m edges. Show that G is a tree if and only if $m = n - 1$ and G is connected.

